

Product Specification

() Product Int () Preliminary (√) Approval Sp	y Specificatio	on		
Any modification	of Spec is not	allowed v	vithout SDC's permissio	on.
CUSTOMER	R/A Custon	ner	MODEL NO.	YDR430LGD
DATE OF ISSUE	2020/11/2	21	EXTENSION CODE	-V(0)
	Custome	er Appro	val & Feedback	
2				
Approved by	′			
Prepared by				



Product Specification

SPECIFICATION FOR APPROVAL

- () Preliminary Specification
- () Final Specification

This specification is applicable to 43 "2500cd/m².

If there is any change to the specific panel information, we will inform you

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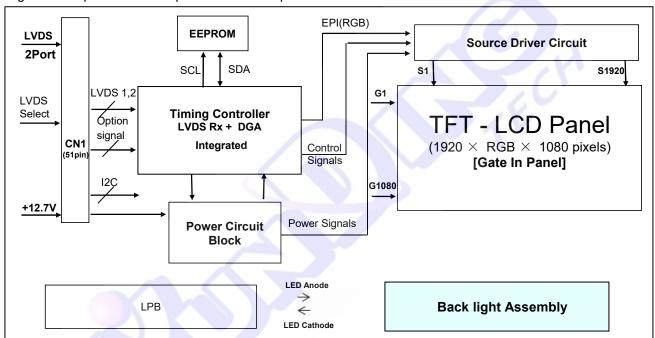
1. General Description

The YD430LGD is a Color Active Matrix Liquid Crystal Display with an integral Light Emitting Diode (LED) backlight system. The matrix employs a-Si Thin Film Transistor as the active element.

It is a transmissive display type which is operating in the normally black mode. It has a 43.0 inch diagonally measured active display area with WUXGA resolution (1080 vertical by 1920 horizontal pixel array). Each pixel is divided into Red, Green and Blue sub-pixels or dots which are arrayed in vertical stripes. Gray scale or the luminance of the sub-pixel color is determined with a 8-bit gray scale signal for each dot. Therefore, it can present a palette of more than 16.7Million colors.

It has been designed to apply the 8-bit 2-port LVDS interface.

It is intended to support Commercial Display where high brightness, super wide viewing angle, high color gamut, high color depth and fast response time are important.



General Features

Active Screen Size	42.51inches (1079.87 mm) diagonal
Outline Dimension	973.8(H) x 567.0(V) x 40.0(D) (Typ.)58.0(D) (Max) mm
Pixel Pitch	0.4902 mm x 0.4902 mm
Pixel Format	1920 horiz. by 1080 vert. Pixels, RGB stripe arrangement
Color Depth	8bit, 16.7 Million colors
Luminance, White	2500 cd/m² (Center 1point ,Typ.)
Viewing Angle (CR>10)	Viewing angle free (R/L 178 (Min.), U/D 178 (Min.))
TotalPower Consumption	2500cd/m²=190W
Weight	8.25 kg(Typ.) 8.5 kg (Max)
Display Mode	Transmissive mode, Normally black
Surface Treatment	Hard coating(3H), Anti-glare treatment of the front polarizer (Haze 1%(Typ.))
Possible Display Type	Landscape and Portrait Enabled

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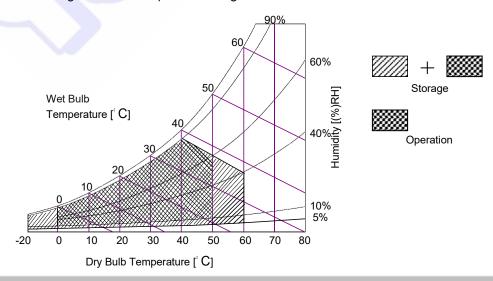
2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

The following items are maximum values which, if exceeded, may cause faulty operation or permanent damage to the LCD module.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Only Panel and Circuit Part of LCD Module)

Para	meter	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note
Faia		Syllibol	Min	Max	Oill	Note
Power Input Voltage	LCD Circuit	VLCD	-0.3	+14.0	VDC	
LED Input Voltage Forward Voltage		VF	-	+130.5	VDC	1
T-Con Option Selection	T-Con Option Selection Voltage			+4.0	VDC	
Operating Temperature		Тор	-20	+70	°C	0.0
Storage Temperature		Тѕт	-30	+80	°C	2,3
Panel Front Temperature		Tsur		+68	'C	4
Operating Ambient Humidity		Нор	10	90	%RH	0.0
Storage Humidity		Нѕт	5	90	%RH	2,3

- 1. Ambient temperature condition (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)
- 2. Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be Max 39°C, and no condensation of water.
- 3. Gravity mura can be guaranteed below 40°C condition.
- 4. The maximum operating temperatures is based on the test condition that the surface temperature of display area is less than or equal to 88°C with LCD module alone in a temperature controlled chamber. Thermal management should be considered in final product design to prevent the surface temperature of display area from being over 88°C. The range of operating temperature may be degraded in case of improper thermal management in final product design.



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3. Electrical Specifications

3-1. Electrical Characteristics

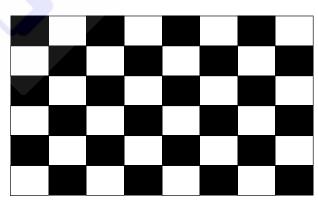
It requires two power inputs. One is employed to power for the LCD circuit. The other Is used for the LED backlight and LED Driver circuit.

Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Para	meter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
raiai	meter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Offic	Note
Circuit :							
Power Input Voltage	Power Input Voltage		10.8[TBD]	12.7	14.0	VDC	
Power Input Current	Power Input Current		-	350	455	mA	1
1 ower impac durions	•	ILCD		550	715	mA	2
T-CON Option	Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	1.62	-	1.98	VDC	
Selection Voltage	Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	0		0.54	VDC	
Power Consumption	Power Consumption			4.2	5.5	Watt	1
Rush current		IRUSH	-	-	5.0	А	3

notes

- 1. The specified current and power consumption are under the V_{LCD} =12.0V, Ta=25 ± 2°C, f_V =60Hz condition, and mosaic pattern(8 x 6) is displayed and f_V is the frame frequency.
- 2. The current is specified at the maximum current pattern.
- 3. The duration of rush current is about 2ms and rising time of power input is 0.5ms (min.).
- 4. Ripple voltage level is recommended under $\pm 5\%$ of typical voltage.



Mosaic Pattern(8 x 6)

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White: 255 Gray Black: 0 Gray



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3-2. Interface Connections

This LCD module employs three kinds of interface connection, 51-pin connector is used for the module electronics.

3-2-1. LCD Module

- LCD Connector(CN1): FI-RXE51S-HF(manufactured by JAE) or compatible

- Mating Connector : FI-R51HL(JAE) or compatible

Table 4. MODULE CONNECTOR(CN1) PIN CONFIGURATION

No	Symbol	Description	No	Symbol	Description
1	NC or GND	No Connection or Ground (Note 4)	27	NC	No connection
2	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	28	R2AN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)
3	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	29	R2AP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)
4	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	30	R2BN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)
5	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	31	R2BP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)
6	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	32	R2CN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)
7	LVDS Select	'H' =JEIDA , 'L' or NC = VESA	33	R2CP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)
8	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	34	GND	Ground
9	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	35	R2CLKN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)
10	NC	No Connection (Note 4)	36	R2CLKP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)
11	GND	Ground	37	GND	Ground
12	R1AN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A-)	38	R2DN	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)
13	R1AP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (A+)	39	R2DP	SECOND LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)
14	R1BN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B-)	40	NC	No connection
15	R1BP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (B+)	41	NC	No connection
16	R1CN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C-)	42	NC or GND	No Connection or Ground
17	R1CP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (C+)	43	NC or GND	No Connection or Ground
18	GND	Ground	44	GND	Ground (Note 5)
19	R1CLKN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(-)	45	GND	Ground
20	R1CLKP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Clock Signal(+)	46	GND	Ground
21	GND	Ground	47	NC	No connection
22	R1DN	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D-)	48	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
23	R1DP	FIRST LVDS Receiver Signal (D+)	49	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
24	NC	No connection	50	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
25	NC	No connection	51	VLCD	Power Supply +12.0V
26	NC or GND	No Connection or Ground	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>

Note

- 1. All GND(ground) pins should be connected together to the LCD module's metalframe.
- 2. All VLCD (power input) pins should be connected together.
- 3. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the **EIA 644** Standard.
- 4. #1~#6 & #8~#10 NC (No Connection): These pins are used only for LGD (Do not connect)
- 5. Specific pin No. **#44** is used for "No signal detection" of system signal interface. It should be GND for NSB(No Signal Black) during the system interface signal is not. If this pin is "H", LCD Module displays AGP(Auto Generation Pattern).

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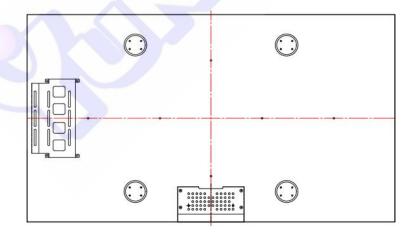
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3-2-2. Backlight Module

Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continue)

narama	tor	Cumbal	VAL	UES		Unit	Notes
parame	ter	Symbol	MIN	TYP	MAX		
Power supply in	out voltage	VBL	23	24	25	VDC	1
Power supply inp	Power supply input current			8		Α	3500
Power consumpt	ion	PBL		190		W	cd/m²
Power supply inp	ut current	IBL_A				Α	
Power consumpt	ion	PBL				W	
Power supply inp	ut current	IBL_A				Α	4
Power consumpt	ion	PBL				W	U
Power supply inp	ut current	IBL_A				А	
Power consumpt	ion	PBL				W	
Input signal for	on	V on	2.5		5	V	
inverter control	off	V off	0		0.5	V	
Brightness adjust	Brightness adjust		30		100	%	Automatic
							sensitization
							control

◆ Rear view of LCM



Note: We may change it according to your actual needs.

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3-2-3、LED 恒流板接口

1. Board A

P001 PH2.0-14PIN (2.0mm*14) P002 PH2.0-2PIN (2.0mm*2)

NO. 1	VCC	Description	Description	
1	VCC			
		Power Supply Voltage	Light sensor negative pole -	
2	VCC	Power Supply Voltage	Light sensor positive pole +	
3	VCC	Power Supply Voltage		
4	VCC	Power Supply Voltage		
5	VCC	Power Supply Voltage		
6	GND	Power ground		
7	GND	Power ground		
8	GND	Power ground)	
9	GND	Power ground		
10	GND	Power ground		
11	NC	Not connect		
12	ON/OFF	Output enable signal		
13	NC	Not connect		
14	NC	Not connect		

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3-3. Signal Timing Specifications

Table 6 shows the signal timing required at the input of the LVDS transmitter. All of the interface signal timings should be satisfied with the following specification for normal operation.

Table 6. TIMING TABLE for NTSC & PAL(DE Only Mode)

ITE	М	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	notes
	Display Period	tн∨	960	960	960	tCLK	1920 / 2
Horizontal	Blank thB		100	140	240	tCLK	1
	Total	tHP	1060	1100	1200	tCLK	
	Display Period	tvv	1080	1080	1080	Lines	1
Vertical	Blank	t∨в	20	45	300	Lines	1
	Total	tvp	1100	1125	1380	Lines	

ITE	М	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	notes
	DCLK	LK fCLK 60.00		74.25	78.00	MHz	
Frequency	Horizontal	fH	57.3	67.5	70	KHz	2
	Vertical	f∨	47	60	63	Hz	2

Note: 1. The input of HSYNC & VSYNC signal does not have an effect on normal operation (DE Only Mode). If you use spread spectrum of EMI, add some additional clock to minimum value for clock margin.

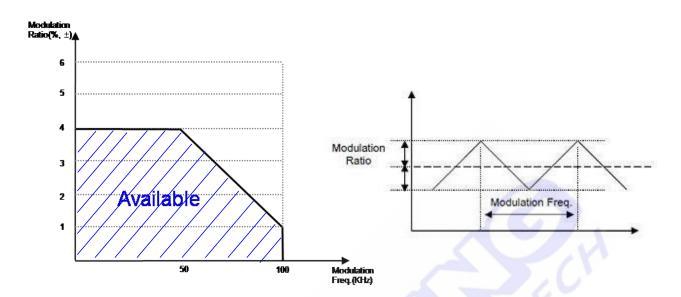
- **2.** The performance of the electro-optical characteristics may be influenced by variance of the vertical refresh rate and the horizontal frequency
- 3. Spread Spectrum Rate (SSR) for 50KHz ~ 100kHz Modulation Frequency(FMOD) is calculated by (7 0.06*Fmod), where Modulation Frequency (FMOD) unit is KHz. LVDS Receiver Spread spectrum Clock is defined as below figure

※ Timing should be set based on clock frequency.

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- ※ Please pay attention to the followings when you set Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency(FMOD)
- 1. Please set proper Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency (FMOD) of TV system LVDS output.
- 2. Please check FOS after you set Spread Spectrum Rate(SSR) and Modulation Frequency(FMOD) to avoid abnormal display. Especially, harmonic noise can appear when you use Spread Spectrum under FMOD 30 KHz.

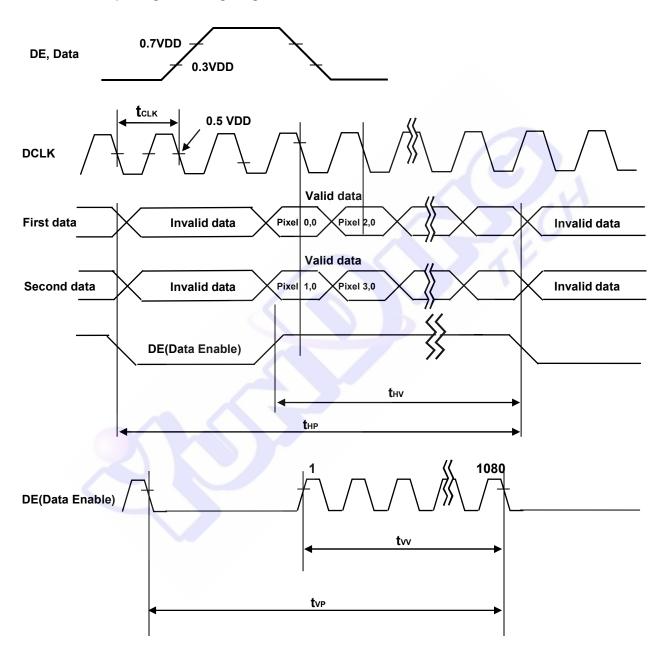
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3-4. LVDS Signal Specification

3-4-1. LVDS Input Signal Timing Diagram



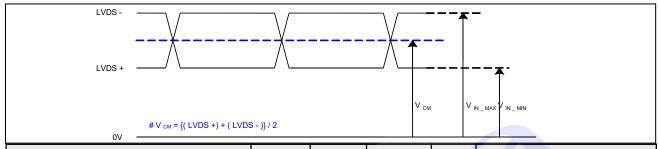
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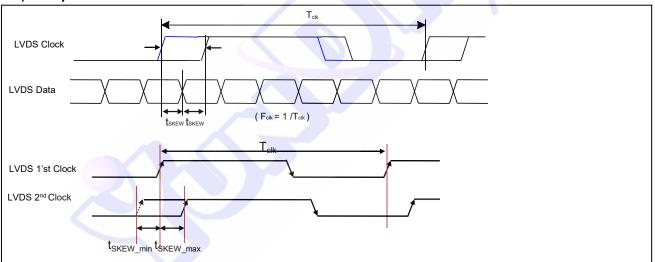
3-4-2. LVDS Input Signal Characteristics

1) DC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	notes
LVDS Common mode Voltage	V _{CM}	1.0	1.5	V	
LVDS Input Voltage Range	V _{IN}	0.7	1.8	V	
Change in common mode Voltage	ΔVCM	-	250	mV	60

2) AC Specification



Description	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	notes
LVDS Differential Voltage	V_{TH}	100	600	mV	Tested with Differential Probe
LVDS Dillerential Voltage	V_{TL}	-600	-100	mV	2
LVDS Clock to Data Skew	t _{SKEW}	-	[(0.2*T _{clk})/7]	ps	-
Effective time of LVDS	t _{eff}	±360	-	ps	-
LVDS Clock to Clock Skew (Even to Odd)	t _{SKEW_EO}	-	1/7* T _{clk}	ps	-

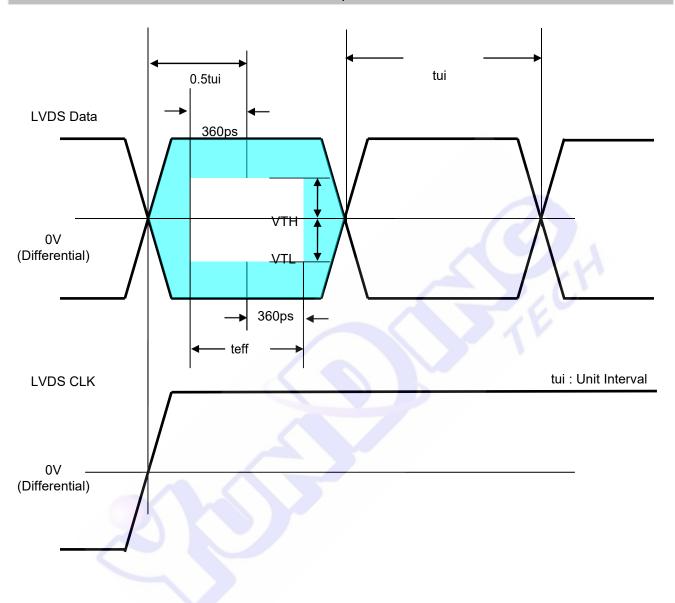
notes 1. All Input levels of LVDS signals are based on the EIA 644 Standard.

2. LVDS Differential Voltage is defined within teff

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^{*} This accumulated waveform is tested with differential probe

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3-5. Color Data Reference

The brightness of each primary color(red,green,blue) is based on the 8bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher binary input, the brighter the color. Table 7 provides a reference for color versus data input.

Table 7. COLOR DATA REFERENCE

											ı	nput	t Co	lor [Data										
	Color	MS	SB		RE	Đ		L	SB	GREEN MSB LS				SB	B MSB						L	SB			
		R	7 R	6 R5	R4	R3	R2 F	R1 R	0	G7	7 G6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1 (90	В	7 B6	B5	B4	В3	B2 E	31 E	30
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Color	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	RED (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
RED						•																			
	RED (254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	RED (255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GREEN																									
	GREEN (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	GREEN (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (000)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	BLUE (001)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
BLUE																									
	BLUE (254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	BLUE (255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

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3-6. Power Sequence

3-6-1. LCD Driving circuit

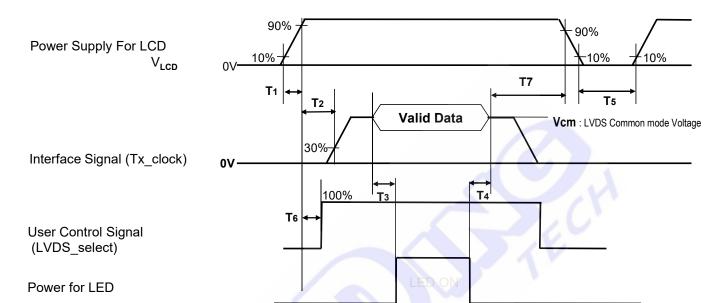


Table 8. POWER SEQUENCE

Parameter		1124	Notes		
	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
T1	0.5	-	20	ms	1
T2	0	-	-	ms	2
Т3	400	_	-	ms	3
T4	100	-	-	ms	3
Т5	1.0	-	-	s	4
Т6	0	-	T2	ms	5
Т7	0	-	-	ms	6

Note:

- 1. Even though T1 is over the specified value, there is no problem if I2T spec of fuse is satisfied.
- 2. If T2 is satisfied with specification after removing LVDS Cable, there is no problem.
- 3. The T3 / T4 is recommended value, the case when failed to meet a minimum specification, abnormal display would be shown. There is no reliability problem.
- 4. T5 should be measured after the Module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- 5. If the on time of signals (Interface signal and user control signals) precedes the on time of Power (V_{LCD}), it will be happened abnormal display. When T6 is NC status, T6 doesn't need to be measured.
- 6. It is recommendation specification that T7 has to be 0ms as a minimum value.
- ※Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.
- When the power supply for LCD (VLCD) is off, be sure to pull down the valid and invalid data to 0V.

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4. Optical Specification

Optical characteristics are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and stable in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. The values are specified at 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of Φ and θ equal to 0 $^{\circ}$. FIG. 1 shows additional information concerning the measurement equipment and method.

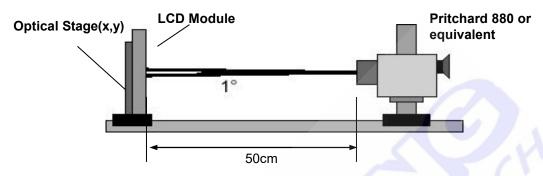


FIG. 1 Optical Characteristic Measurement Equipment and Method

Table 10. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta= $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C, V_{LCD} =12.0V, fv=60Hz, Dclk=74.25MHz, Duty =100%

							L	July = 100%
Parameter		Symbol		Value				
				Min	Тур	Max	Unit	notes
Contrast Ratio		CR		800	1100	-		1
Surface Luminance, white		L_WH			3500	-	cd/m ²	2
Luminance Variation		δ_{WHITE}	9P	65	-	-		3
Response Time Gray to Gray (BW)		G to G E	3W		12(TBD)	16(TBD)	ms	4
	RED	Rx			0.647(TBD)			
	KED	Ry	Ry		0.334(TBD)			
	ODEEN	Gx		Тур	0.306(TBD)	Тур		_
Color Coordinates [CIE1931]	GREEN	Gy Bx		-0.03	0.601(TBD)	+0.03		5
	BLUE				0.153(TBD)			
		Ву			0.052(TBD)			
	WHITE	Wx		Тур	0.281(TBD)	Typ +0.03	5	E
		Wy		-0.03	0.288(TBD)			ວ
Color Temperature					10,000		К	
Color Gamut					68		%	
Viewing Angle (CR>10)								
x axis, right(φ=0°)		θr		89	-	-		
x axis, left (φ=180°)		θΙ		89	-	-]	
y axis, up (φ=90°) y axis, down (φ=270°)		θи		89	-	-	degree	6
		θd		89	-	-		
Gray Scale				-	-	-		7

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Note: 1. Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Contrast Ratio = Surface Luminance with all white pixels
Surface Luminance with all black pixels
It is measured at center 1-point.

- 2.Surface luminance are determined after the unit has been 'ON' and 1 Hour after lighting the backlight in a dark environment at $25\pm2^{\circ}$ C. Surface luminance is the luminance value at center 1-point across the LCD surface 50cm from the surface with all pixels displaying white. For more information see the FIG. 3.
- 3. The variation in surface luminance , δ WHITE is defined as : δ WHITE(9P) = Minimum (Lon1,Lon2~ Lon8, Lon9) / Maximum (Lon1,Lon2~ Lon8, Lon9)*100 Where Lon1 to Lon9 are the luminance with all pixels displaying white at 9 locations . For more information, see the FIG. 3.
- 4. Response time is the time required for the display to transit from any gray to white (Rise Time, Tr_R) and from any gray to black (Decay time, Tr_D). For additional information see the FIG. 4.
 ※ G to G_{BW} Spec stands for average value of all measured points.

Photo Detector : RD-80S / Field : 2 °

- 5. White, Red, Green, Blue Color Coordinates are measured at gray level 255(100IRE)
- 6. Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The angles are determined for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the LCD module surface. For more information, see the FIG. 5.
- Gray scale specificationGamma Value is approximately 2.2. For more information, see the Table 11.

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Table 11. Gray scale specification

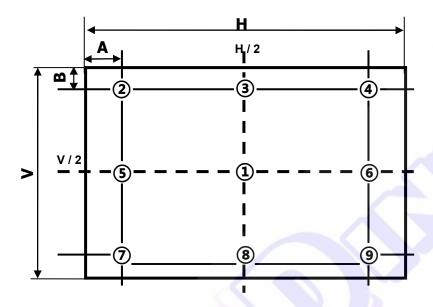
Gray Level	Luminance [%] (Typ)		
LO	0.07(TBD)		
L15	0.27		
L31	1.04		
L47	2.49		
L63	4.68		
L79	7.66		
L95	11.5		
L111	16.1		
L127	21.6		
L143	28.1		
L159	35.4		
L175	43.7		
L191	53.0		
L207	63.2		
L223	74.5		
L239	86.7		
L255	100		

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Measuring point for surface luminance & measuring point for luminance variation.



A: H/9 mm

B: V / 9 mm

@ H,V : Active Area

FIG. 3 9 Points for Luminance Measure

Response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "Gray(N)" and "Black or White".

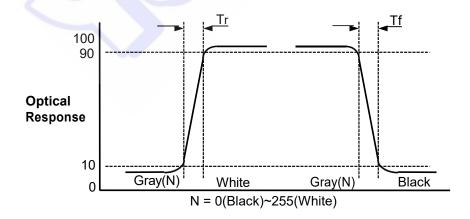


FIG. 4 Response Time

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Product Specification

Dimension of viewing angle range

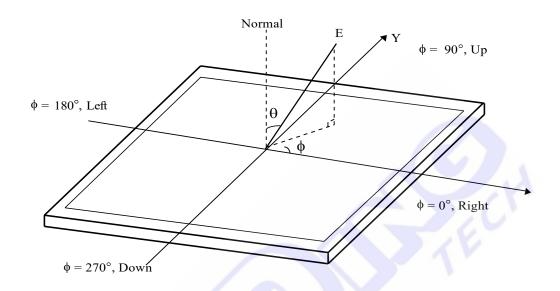


FIG. 5 Viewing Angle

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Product Specification

5. Mechanical Characteristics

Table 12 provides general mechanical characteristics.

Table 12. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

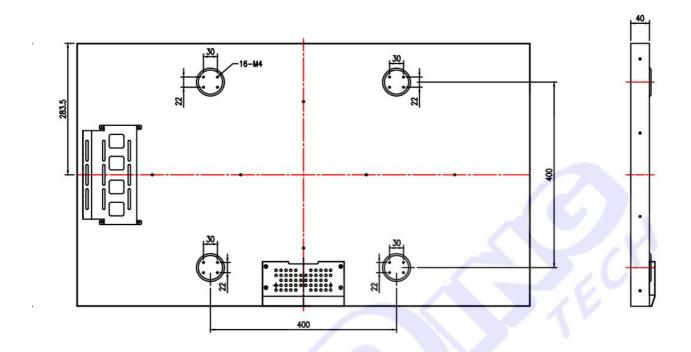
Item	Value		
	Horizontal	973.8 mm	
Outline Dimension	Vertical	567.0 mm	
	Depth	58 mm	
Bezel Area	Horizontal	945.0 mm	
Dezel Alea	Vertical	533.0 mm	
Active Display Area	Horizontal	941.18 mm	
Active Display Area	Vertical	529.42 mm	
	Material	SUS Like PCM	
Case Top	Case Top Color	SHINE TITAN(HC583B)	
	LG Logo Color SILVER (Pantone-877C)		
Weight	8.25kg (Typ.) 8.5kg(Max)		

Note: Please refer to a mechanic drawing in terms of tolerance at the next page.

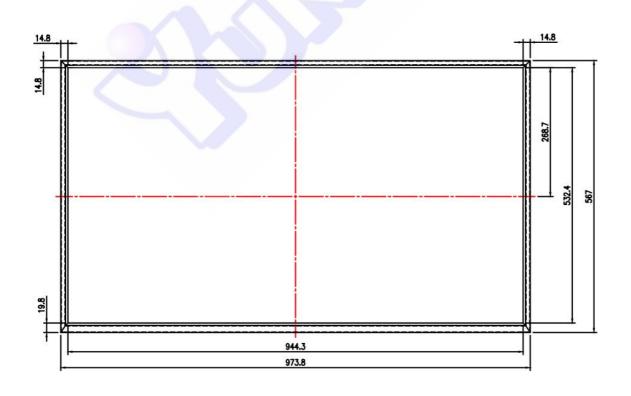
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####43+OD28





Product Specification

6. Reliability

Table 13. ENVIRONMENT TEST CONDITION

No.	Test Item	Condition
1	High temperature storage test	Ta= 80°C 90% 240h
2	Low temperature storage test	Ta= -30° C 240h
3	High temperature operation test	Ta= 80°C 50%RH 500h
4	Low temperature operation test	Ta= -20 C 500h
5	Humidity condition Operation	Ta= 40 ¹ C, 90%RH
6	Altitude operating storage / shipment	0 – 16,400 ft 0 - 40,000 ft
7	Vibration test (non-operating)	TBD
8	Shock test (non-operating)	TBD

Note: 1. Before and after Reliability test, LCM should be operated with normal function.

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Product Specification

7. International Standards

7-1. Safety

- a) UL 60065, Underwriters Laboratories Inc.
 Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- b) CAN/CSA C22.2 No.60065:03, Canadian Standards Association.

 Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- c) EN 60065, European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization (CENELEC). Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.
- d) IEC 60065, The International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC).

 Audio, Video and Similar Electronic Apparatus Safety Requirements.

7-2. Environment

a) RoHS, Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the council of 8 June 2011

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Product Specification

9. Precautions

Please pay attention to the followings when you use this TFT LCD module.

9-1. Mounting Precautions

- (1) You must mount a module using specified mounting holes (Details refer to the drawings).
- (2) You should consider the mounting structure so that uneven force (ex. Twisted stress, Concentrated stress) is not applied to the module. And the case on which a module is mounted should have sufficient strength so that external force is not transmitted directly to the module.
- (3) Please attach the surface transparent protective plate to the surface in order to protect the polarizer. Transparent protective plate should have sufficient strength in order to the resist external force.
- (4) You should adopt radiation structure to satisfy the temperature specification.
- (5) Acetic acid type and chlorine type materials for the cover case are not desirable because the former generates corrosive gas of attacking the polarizer at high temperature and the latter causes circuit break by electro-chemical reaction.
- (6) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with glass, tweezers or anything harder than HB pencil lead. And please do not rub with dust clothes with chemical treatment.
 Do not touch the surface of polarizer for bare hand or greasy cloth. (Some cosmetics are detrimental to the polarizer.)
- (7) When the surface becomes dusty, please wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft materials like chamois soaks with petroleum benzine. Normal-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front / rear polarizers. Do not use acetone, toluene and alcohol because they cause chemical damage to the polarizer
- (8) Wipe off saliva or water drops as soon as possible. Their long time contact with polarizer causes deformations and color fading.
- (9) Do not open the case because inside circuits do not have sufficient strength.
- (10) Touching the LED Driver might cause an electric shock and damage to LED Driver. Please always use antistatic tools when handling the LED Driver

9-2. Operating Precautions

- (1) Response time depends on the temperature.(In lower temperature, it becomes longer.)
- (2) Brightness depends on the temperature. (In lower temperature, it becomes lower.) And in lower temperature, response time(required time that brightness is stable after turned on) becomes longer
- (3) Be careful for condensation at sudden temperature change. Condensation makes damage to polarizer or electrical contacted parts. And after fading condensation, smear or spot will occur.
- (4) Whenfixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.
- (5) Module has high frequency circuits. Sufficient suppression to the electromagnetic interference shall be done by system manufacturers. Grounding and shielding methods may be important to minimized the interference.
- (6) Please do not give any mechanical and/or acoustical impact to LCM. Otherwise, LCM can't be operated its full characteristics perfectly.
- (7) A screw which is fastened up the steels should be a machine screw. (if not, it can causes conductive particles and deal LCM a fatal blow)
- (8) Please do not set LCD on its edge.
- (9) The conductive material and signal cables are kept away from LED driver inductor to prevent abnormal display, sound noise and temperature rising.

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Product Specification

9-3. Electrostatic Discharge Control

Since a module is composed of electronic circuits, it is not strong to electrostatic discharge. Make certain that treatment persons are connected to ground through wrist band etc. And don't touch interface pin directly.

9-4. Precautions for Strong Light Exposure

Strong light exposure causes degradation of polarizer and color filter.

9-5. Storage

When storing modules as spares for a long time, the following precautions are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose the module to sunlight or fluorescent light. Keep the temperature between 5°C and 35°C at normal humidity.
- (2) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other object.
 It is recommended that they be stored in the container in which they were shipped.
- (3) Storage condition is guaranteed under packing conditions.
- (4) The phase transition of Liquid Crystal in the condition of the low or high storage temperature will be recovered when the LCD module returns to the normal condition.

9-6. Handling Precautions for Protection Film

- (1) The protection film is attached to the bezel with a small masking tape. When the protection film is peeled off, static electricity is generated between the film and polarizer. This should be peeled off slowly and carefully by people who are electrically grounded and with well ion-blown equipment or in such a condition, etc.
- (2) When the module with protection film attached is stored for a long time, sometimes there remains a very small amount of glue still on the bezel after the protection film is peeled off.
- (3) You can remove the glue easily. When the glue remains on the bezel surface or its vestige is recognized, please wipe them off with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois soaked with normalhexane.

9-7. Appropriate Condition for Commercial Display

- Generally large-sized LCD modules are designed for consumer applications (TV).
 Accordingly, a long-term display like in Commercial Display application, can cause uneven display including image sticking. To optimize module's lifetime and function, several operating usages are required.
- 1. Normal operating condition
 - Temperature: 0 ~ 40 °C
 - Operating Ambient Humidity: 10 ~ 90 %
 - Display pattern: dynamic pattern (Real display)
 - Note) Long-term static display can cause image sticking.
- 2. Operating usages under abnormal condition
 - a. Ambient condition
 - Well-ventilated place is recommended to set up Commercial Display system.
 - b. Power and screen save
 - Periodical power-off or screen save is needed after long-term display.

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Product Specification

APPENDIX- II-1

■ LCM Label



Note:

Ry430LDG-LM25

2500cd/m²

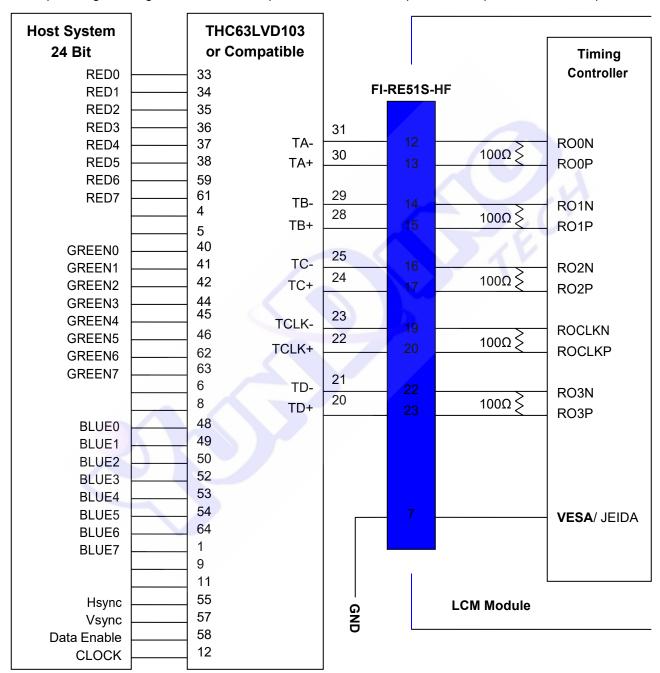
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Product Specification

APPENDIX- III-1

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine: THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7= "L" or "NC")



Note: 1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

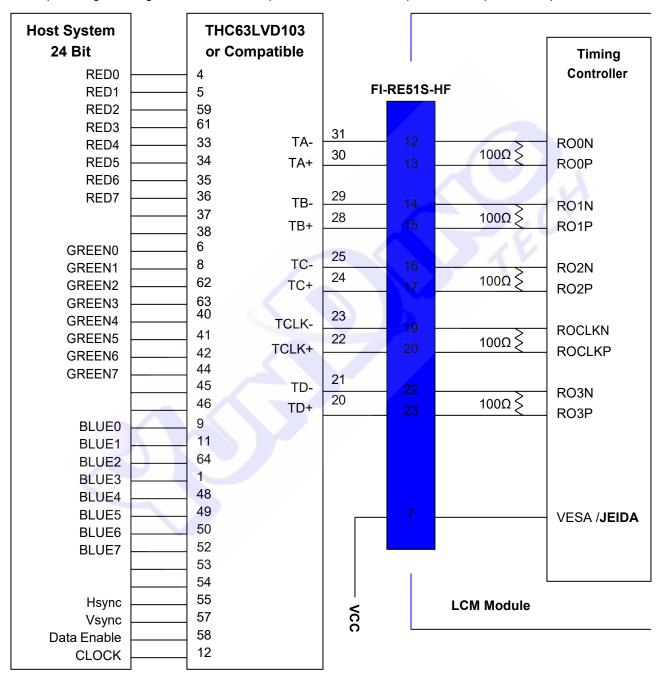
- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.



Product Specification

APPENDIX- III-2

■ Required signal assignment for Flat Link (Thine: THC63LVD103) Transmitter(Pin7= "H")



Note :1. The LCD module uses a 100 $Ohm[\Omega]$ resistor between positive and negative lines of each receiver input.

- 2. Refer to LVDS Transmitter Data Sheet for detail descriptions. (THC63LVD103 or Compatible)
- 3. '7' means MSB and '0' means LSB at R,G,B pixel data.

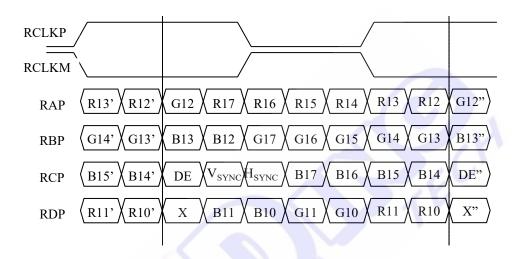
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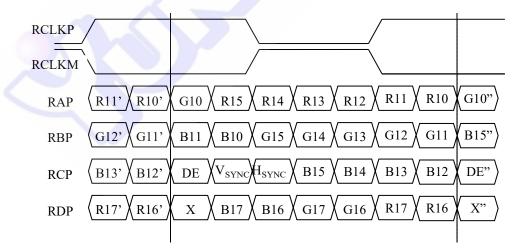
Product Specification

APPENDIX- IV

- LVDS Data-Mapping Information (8 Bit)
 - 1) LVDS Select: "H" Data-Mapping (JEIDA format)



2) LVDS Select: "L" Data-Mapping (VESA format)



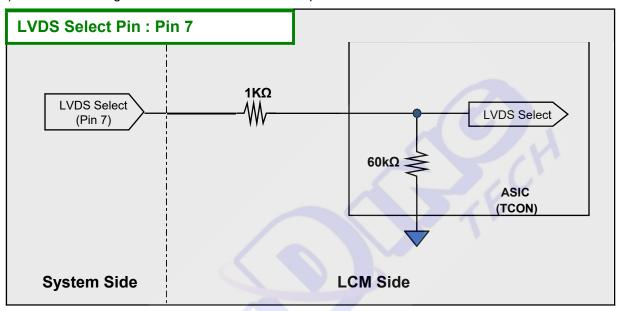
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Product Specification

APPENDIX- V

- Option Pin Circuit Block Diagram
 - 1) Circuit Block Diagram of LVDS Format Selection pin



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